

**EM-110A Cheat-sheet (a lot of it might not be needed)**

$$\int_V \vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{g} \, d\tau = \oint_{\Sigma} \vec{g} \cdot \vec{d}a ; \int_{\Sigma} (\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{g}) \cdot \vec{d}a = \oint_C \vec{g} \cdot \vec{d}l$$

$$\vec{\nabla} \cdot \left( \frac{\vec{r}}{r^3} \right) = -4\pi\delta(\vec{r}) ; \vec{\nabla} f(r) = \hat{r} \frac{df}{dr}$$

$$\vec{\nabla} \cdot (f\vec{v}) = f(\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{v}) + \vec{\nabla} f \cdot \vec{v} ; \vec{\nabla} \times (f\vec{v}) = f(\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{v}) + \vec{\nabla} f \times \vec{v}$$

Electrostatic fields:

$$\vec{E}(\vec{r}) = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \int \frac{\rho(\vec{r}')(\vec{r} - \vec{r}')}{|\vec{r} - \vec{r}'|^3} d\tau(\vec{r}') ; V(\vec{r}) = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \int \frac{\rho(\vec{r}')}{|\vec{r} - \vec{r}'|} d\tau(\vec{r}')$$

Magnetostatic fields:

$$\vec{B}(\vec{r}) = \frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} \int \frac{\vec{J}(\vec{r}') \times (\vec{r} - \vec{r}')}{|\vec{r} - \vec{r}'|^3} d\tau(\vec{r}') ; \vec{A}(\vec{r}) = \frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} \int \frac{\vec{J}(\vec{r}')}{|\vec{r} - \vec{r}'|} d\tau(\vec{r}')$$

Forces:

$$\vec{F} = q(\vec{E} + \vec{v} \times \vec{B}) ; d\vec{F} = I\vec{d}l \times \vec{B}$$

Maxwell's equations:

$$\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{B} = 0 ; \vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{E} = \frac{\rho}{\epsilon_0} ; (\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{D} = \rho_{free})$$

$$\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{E} = -\frac{\partial \vec{B}}{\partial t} ; \vec{\nabla} \times \vec{B} = \mu_0 \vec{J} + \epsilon_0 \mu_0 \frac{\partial \vec{E}}{\partial t} ; \left( \vec{\nabla} \times \vec{H} = \vec{J}_{free} + \frac{\partial \vec{D}}{\partial t} \right)$$

Constitutive relations:

$$\vec{D} = \epsilon_0 \vec{E} + \vec{P} = \epsilon \vec{E} ; \vec{P} = \epsilon_0 \chi_e \vec{E}$$

$$\vec{B} = \mu_0 (\vec{H} + \vec{M}) = \mu \vec{H} ; \vec{M} = \chi_m \vec{H}$$

Bound charges/currents:

$$\rho_b = -\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{P} ; \sigma_b = \vec{P} \cdot \hat{n} ; \vec{J}_b = \vec{\nabla} \times \vec{M} ; \vec{K}_b = \vec{M} \times \hat{n}$$

Discontinuities:

$$\Delta \vec{E}_{\parallel} = 0 ; \Delta \vec{B}_{\parallel} = \mu_0 \vec{K} \times \hat{n} ; \Delta \vec{H}_{\parallel} = \vec{K}_{free} \times \hat{n}$$

$$\Delta E_{\perp} = \frac{\sigma}{\epsilon_0} ; \Delta D_{\perp} = \sigma_{free} ; \Delta B_{\perp} = 0 ; \Delta V = 0 ; \Delta \vec{A} = 0$$

Flux:

$$\Phi_{11} = L_1 I_1 ; \Phi_{12} = M_{12} I_1 ; \text{emf} = -\frac{d\Phi}{dt}$$

Dipoles:

$$\vec{p} = \alpha \vec{E} ; \vec{p} = \sum_i q_i \vec{r}_i ; \vec{m} = \frac{1}{2} \oint \vec{r} \times I\vec{d}l = I\vec{A}$$

$$V(\vec{r}) = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{\vec{p} \cdot \vec{r}}{r^3} ; \vec{A}(\vec{r}) = \frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} \frac{\vec{m} \times \vec{r}}{r^3}$$

$$\vec{E}(\vec{r}) = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{1}{r^3} [3(\vec{p} \cdot \hat{r}) \hat{r} - \vec{p}] ; \vec{B}(\vec{r}) = \frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} \frac{1}{r^3} [3(\vec{m} \cdot \hat{r}) \hat{r} - \vec{m}]$$

Forces on dipoles:

$$\vec{F}_e = (\vec{p} \cdot \vec{\nabla}) \vec{E} = \vec{\nabla}(\vec{p} \cdot \vec{E}) ; \vec{F}_m = \vec{\nabla}(\vec{m} \cdot \vec{B})$$

Expansions:

$$\text{Spherical } \phi \text{ symmetric : } V(r, \theta) = \sum_{l=0}^{\infty} P_l(\cos \theta) (A_l r^l + \frac{B_l}{r^{l+1}})$$

$$P_0(x) = 1 ; P_1(x) = x ; P_2(x) = (3x^2 - 1)/2 ; P_3(x) = (5x^3 - 3x)/2$$

$$\int_{-1}^1 P_l(x) P_n(x) dx = \frac{2}{2l+1} \delta_{n,l}$$

$$\int_0^a \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{a}\right) \sin\left(\frac{m\pi x}{a}\right) dx = \frac{a}{2} \delta_{n,m} ; \int_0^a \cos\left(\frac{n\pi x}{a}\right) \cos\left(\frac{m\pi x}{a}\right) dx = \frac{a}{2} \delta_{n,m} \text{ for } (n, m) \neq 0$$

Energy:

$$W_e = \frac{1}{2} CV^2 = \frac{1}{2} \int \rho V d\tau ; W_m = \frac{1}{2} LI^2 = \frac{1}{2} \int \vec{J} \cdot \vec{A} d\tau$$